the people of Georgia today and in these days ahead as we work with them to ensure that they have all that they need. I hope it is some level of comfort to them that their representatives on both sides of the aisle from Georgia have made us fully aware of the direct impact that the rains have had on Georgia. We stand ready to help with whatever we can do officially, but always with what we can do in our prayers.

Mr. MARIO DIAZ-BALART of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I reserve my time.

Mr. OBERSTAR. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the distinguished gentleman from Georgia (Mr. Johnson), whose district also covers a great portion of the area ravaged by the floods.

Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Speaker, my constituents are suffering greatly this week. In just 72 hours, the Atlanta metropolitan area has received 15 to 22 inches of relentless rain, causing widespread flooding, numerous deaths and hundreds of millions of dollars of property damage.

I rise today, Mr. Speaker, to express my deepest concern for the victims of this terrible flood, to join Governor Perdue in urging the President to declare an emergency for the State of Georgia, and to urge passage of the resolution before us.

Sponsored by my colleague, Congressman John Lewis of Atlanta, this resolution will offer our sympathy to flood victims and our gratitude to those heroes who have worked tirelessly to protect people from the floodwaters.

I know that Speaker Pelosi is doing everything that she can to assist the people of Georgia, and for that I thank her. As a matter of fact, as early as yesterday morning she was on the phone with each of us to express her concerns and to also pledge any assistance that she could give. So we appreciate that

Governor Perdue and President Obama have been on the phone coordinating efforts to deal with this national disaster. I applaud the Governor for the State's competent and effective response, and I join him in urging our President to make available Federal funds to supplement Georgia's efforts to mitigate the effects of the flood.

Mr. Speaker, my constituents and all the residents of flooded areas in the American South have shown tremendous courage in the face of washed-out roads, destroyed homes and treacherous conditions. Let us pass this resolution as a small token of our empathy and support.

Mr. MARIO DIAZ-BALART of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers and yield back my time.

Mr. OBERSTAR. I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. Oberstar) that the House suspend the

rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 765.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. OBERSTAR. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

□ 1315

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 324, SANTA CRUZ VAL-LEY NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA ACT

Mr. CARDOZA. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 760 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 760

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider in the House the bill (H.R. 324) to establish the Santa Cruz Valley national Heritage Area, and for other purposes. All points of order against consideration of the bill are waived except those arising under clause 9 or 10 of rule XXI. The amendment printed in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution shall be considered as adopted. The bill, as amended, shall be considered as read. All points of order against provisions in the bill, as amended, are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill, as amended, to final passage without intervening motion except: (1) one hour of debate equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Natural Resources: and (2) one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from California is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. CARDOZA. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. Foxx). All time yielded during consideration of the rule is for debate only.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CARDOZA. I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on House Resolution 760.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

Mr. CARDOZA. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself as much time as I may consume.

House Resolution 760 provides for the consideration of House Resolution 324, the Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act. The rule provides 1 hour of general debate, equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Natural Resources. The rule waives

all points of order against consideration of the bill, except for clause 9 and clause 10 of rule XXI. Mr. Speaker, the rule also provides for the adoption of an amendment printed in the Rules Committee report to clarify that the bill does not in any way modify, alter or amend any border enforcement authority. Finally, the rule provides one motion to recommit with or without instructions

Mr. Speaker, the bill before us today, H.R. 324, designates the Santa Cruz Valley region of southern Arizona as a National Heritage Area. The Santa Cruz Valley is one of America's longest inhabited regions, with traces of human occupation extending back more than 12,000 years. The region was at the center of centuries of Native American cultural history. It also served as a corridor of Spanish exploration, colonization, missionary activity, as well as a frontier of Mexican and early American mining, ranching and agriculture.

The heritage area includes two national parks, two national historic trails, four State parks, six county parks, four major lakes, two designated scenic highways, and hundreds of miles of back-country trails and urban bikeways. It also includes 32 museums, 28 districts, 102 individual buildings listed on the National Register of Historic Places, as well as dozens of prehistoric and historic archaeological sites. A July 2005 study by the Center for Desert Archaeology, on which the bill is based, examined the many resources in the region. The National Park Service reviewed the study and found that the area meets the 10 criteria for proposed heritage areas.

Designating the Santa Cruz Valley as a heritage area allows the Park Service to support the State and local conservation efforts through Federal recognition, seed money and technical assistance. This simply means that local groups will have the resources they need to educate the public about the historic, cultural and natural value of the area.

I would like to commend my good friends, the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. GRIJALVA) and the gentlewoman from Arizona (Ms. GIFFORDS), for bringing this legislation to the floor today so that we can ensure that America's history and natural wonderment is protected for future generations.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself as much time as I may consume.

I rise today to urge my colleagues to vote against the rule for the bill H.R. 324, the Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act, a bill that has already failed when it was offered under suspension earlier this month.

It disappoints me to have to come here and urge opposition to this rule for a bill offered by my colleague Congressman GRIJALVA. However, there are many reasons to oppose this bill coming to the floor. The bill failed by a vote of 249–145 just 2 weeks ago. It is a

waste of our constituents' time to bring this bill forward again under a rule and take up legislative time to debate something that has already been voted down, especially since the bill did not go through the committee.

I also learned yesterday in the Rules Committee that this bill was a part of S. 22, the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009, but it was taken out by the Senate, which is not a good omen for the bill when it goes to the Senate.

When I was in North Carolina over the August recess, my constituents expressed many concerns with Congress in what's going on in Washington. The Democrats in charge are not allowing us to accomplish the work that our constituents elected us to do. Instead. this Congress is borrowing and spending money that we do not have at a rate our country has never seen. While our constituents at home are tightening their belts and struggling to find ways to put food on their kitchen tables, Congress is blindly writing checks for unnecessary measures that do nothing but increase the size of the Federal Government and put our country in debt to foreign nations.

This bill authorizes another \$15 million in taxpaver dollars to seize 3.325 square miles of land for control by the Federal Government, some of which is private property. The designation in this bill could lead to restrictive Federal zoning and land use planning that usurps private property rights and blocks necessary energy development. National Heritage Areas are comprised of both public and private lands and are administered by a central managing entity, which includes the Federal Government and Federal funds. The managing entity has the power to regulate zoning and place other restrictions across local government jurisdictions. This means Federal management plans can restrict our residential and commercial property owners to make use of their private property without any notice or warning.

The National Park Service currently

The National Park Service currently has billions of dollars in maintenance backlogs. Earlier this year, Congress passed S. 22, the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009. It created 10 new National Heritage Areas at a cost of \$103.5 million. The Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act locks up even more land, infringes on more private property rights, and spends more taxpayer dollars to add yet another heritage area to a system already overburdened.

Furthermore, the proposed 3,325-square-mile heritage area in Arizona is located in the most heavily trafficked drug and human trafficking area along the U.S. border. The U.S. Border Patrol already experiences major difficulties and obstacles patrolling Federal lands. Designating this heritage area along the border would add even more complications to their ability to prevent illegal drug trafficking and crossings. Creating more obstacles for the U.S.

Border Patrol is detrimental to our ability to get illegal immigration and drug trafficking under control and represents irresponsible governing.

Mr. Speaker, the U.S. national debt stands at \$11.8 trillion and counting. The nonpartisan Congressional Budget Office has predicted that huge deficits under the Obama administration's annual budget would force our Nation to borrow nearly \$9.3 trillion over the next decade. This year's deficit alone is expected to soar past \$1.8 trillion. We borrow 50 cents for every dollar we spend. The time to rein in Federal spending is long overdue. Voting down this rule will take one small step in harnessing the Federal Government's spending as well as the Federal Government's increasing control of private land. This Pelosi-controlled Congress seems intent on putting the government in control of every aspect of our lives-education, health care and private property.

Again, Mr. Speaker, I urge a "no" vote on the rule and on the bill.

Having no further speakers, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. CARDOZA. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say in response and in my close that this bill, in fact, does not regulate zoning, as the gentlelady indicated. It does not have any effect on private property rights. In fact, I'm told that the entire State of Tennessee is part of a heritage area, and we would not think of the entire State of Tennessee as being affected with private property rights effects.

I would submit to you that we would know, just from that designation alone, that it is similar to this one that we are passing today, that the citizens of Tennessee are not affected in their private property rights with that heritage area designation. This bill is subject to appropriation, a \$15 million maximum over 15 years, that would have to be voted on by the Appropriations Committee, then subject to appropriation in both the House and the Senate, subject to signature by the President.

Mr. Speaker, National Heritage Area designations have no regulatory consequences whatsoever. This bill specifically says that nothing in it diminishes the authority of the State to regulate fishing, hunting and the management of fish and wildlife. It includes extensive protections for private property owners and prohibits the use of Federal funds received under the act for land acquisition. It would in no way have any impact on border protection and any other law enforcement effort. Additionally, the language was self-executed in the rule which specifically states that nothing in the bill modifies, alters or amends any other border enforcement authority.

The gentlelady indicated that the bill failed. The bill failed under a two-thirds requirement. In fact, it got well over 240 votes to 140 votes in the negative. The bill got 100 votes more than a majority. I think this bill has tremen-

dous support on this floor. In fact, it has tremendous support in the State of Arizona. It's a good measure, and I believe it will pass overwhelmingly when it comes back under a rule in this House

Mr. Speaker, I would ask that we support this bill. As I said earlier, this bill is not only important to our Nation's history, it is also important that America's most treasured resources are protected for future generations. It deserves the strong support of my colleagues on both sides of the aisle.

Mr. Speaker, I urge a "yes" vote on the rule and on the previous question.

I yield back the balance of my time, and I move the previous question on the resolution

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on adopting House Resolution 760 will be followed by 5-minute votes on suspending the rules with regard to House Resolution 765, H.R. 2215, if ordered, and H.R. 3614.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 244, nays 177, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 723] YEAS—244

Cummings Ackerman Holden Adler (NJ) Dahlkemper Holt Andrews Davis (AL) Honda. Davis (CA) Hoyer Arcuri Davis (IL) Inslee Baird Davis (TN) Israel Jackson (IL) Baldwin DeFazio Jackson-Lee Barrow DeGette Rean DeLauro (TX) Becerra Johnson (GA) Dicks Dingell Johnson, E. B. Berkley Berman Doggett Kagen Berry Donnelly (IN) Kanjorski Driehaus Bishop (GA) Kaptur Edwards (MD) Bishop (NY) Kennedy Blumenauer Edwards (TX) Kildee Boccieri Ellison Kilpatrick (MI) Ellsworth Boren Kilrov Boswell Engel Kind Boucher Eshoo Kirkpatrick (AZ) Etheridge Bovd Kissell Brady (PA) Klein (FL) Farr Braley (IA) Filner Kosmas Frank (MA) Kratovil Bright Brown, Corrine Fudge Kucinich Butterfield Giffords Langevin Gonzalez Larsen (WA) Capps Cardoza Gordon (TN) Larson (CT) Carnahan Grayson Lee (CA) Green, Al Carney Levin Carson (IN) Green, Gene Lewis (GA) Castor (FL) Griffith Lipinski Chandler Grijalva Loebsack Gutierrez Chu Lofgren, Zoe Clarke Hall (NY) Lowey Clay Halvorson Luján Cleaver Hare Lynch Harman Clyburn Maffei Cohen Hastings (FL) Maloney Connolly (VA) Markey (CO) Heinrich Herseth Sandlin Convers Markey (MA) Cooper Higgins Marshall Costa Himes Massa. Costello Hinchey Matheson Courtney Hinojosa Matsui McCarthy (NY) Hirono Crowley Cuellar Hodes McCollum

Kildee

Davis (TN)

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

McDermott	Pingree (ME)
McGovern	Polis (CO)
McIntyre	Pomeroy
McMahon	Price (NC)
McNerney	Quigley
Meek (FL)	Rahall
Meeks (NY)	Rangel
Melancon	Reichert
Michaud	Reyes
Miller (NC)	Richardson
Miller, George	Rodriguez
Minnick	Ross
Mitchell	Rothman (NJ)
Mollohan	Roybal-Allard
Moore (KS)	Ruppersberger
Moore (WI)	Rush
Moran (VA)	Ryan (OH)
Murphy (CT)	Salazar
Murphy (NY)	Sánchez, Linda
Murphy, Patrick	T.
Murtha	Sanchez, Loret
Nadler (NY)	Sarbanes
Napolitano	Schakowsky
Neal (MA)	Schauer
Nye	Schiff
Oberstar	Schrader
Obey	Schwartz
Olver	Scott (GA)
Ortiz	Scott (VA)
Pallone	Serrano
Pascrell	Sestak
Pastor (AZ)	Shea-Porter
Payne	Sherman
Perriello	Sires
Peters	Skelton
Peterson	Smith (WA)

Snyder Space Speier Spratt Stark Stupak Sutton Tanner Taylor Teague Thompson (CA) Tierney Titus Tonko Towns Tsongas Van Hollen Sánchez, Linda

Thompson (MS) Velázquez Visclosky Sanchez, Loretta Walz. Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Watt

Waxman Weiner Welch Wexler Wilson (OH)

Woolsev

Yarmuth

Wu

NAYS-177

Franks (AZ)

Garrett (NJ)

Gingrey (GA)

Gallegly

Gerlach

Gohmert

Granger

Graves

Guthrie

Harper

Heller

Herger

Hill

Hall (TX)

Hensarling

Hoekstra

Hunter

Jenkins

Johnson (IL)

Johnson, Sam

Jones Jordan (OH)

King (IA)

King (NY)

Kingston

Kline (MN)

Lamborn

Lance

Latta

Linder

Lucas

Mack

Lummis

Manzullo

Marchant

McClintock McCotter

McHenry

McKeon McMorris

Rodgers

Mica Miller (FL)

McCaul

McCarthy (CA)

Lee (NY)

Lewis (CA)

LoBiondo

Luetkemeyer

Latham

LaTourette

Kirk

Inglis

Issa

Hastings (WA)

Goodlatte

Frelinghuysen

Foxx

Aderholt Akin Alexander Altmire Austria Bachmann Bachus Bartlett Barton (TX) Biggert Bilbray Bilirakis Bishop (UT) Blackburn Blunt Boehner Bonner Bono Mack Boozman Boustany Brady (TX) Broun (GA) Brown (SC) Brown-Waite, Ginny Buchanan Burgess Burton (IN) Buyer Calvert Camp Campbell Cantor Cao Capito Carter Cassidy Castle Chaffetz Childers Coble Coffman (CO) Cole Conaway Crenshaw Culberson Davis (KY) Deal (GA) Dent Diaz-Balart, L. Diaz-Balart, M. Dreier Duncan Ehlers

Emerson

Fleming

Fortenberry

Fallin

Flake

Foster

Miller (MI) Miller, Gary Moran (KS) Murphy, Tim Myrick Neugebauer Nunes Olson Paul Paulsen Pence Petri Pitts Platts Poe (TX) Posey Price (GA) Putnam Rehberg Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Roonev Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Rovce Ryan (WI) Scalise Schmidt Schock Sensenbrenner Sessions Shadegg Shimkus Shuler Shuster Simpson Smith (NE) Smith (TX) Souder Stearns Sullivan Terry Lungren, Daniel Thompson (PA) Thornberry

Tiahrt

Tiberi

Turner

Unton

Walden

Wamp

Whitfield

Wittman

Wolf

Wilson (SC)

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

Westmoreland

NOT VOTING-11

Abercrombie Doyle Radanovich Barrett (SC) Fattah Slaughter Forbes Capuano Smith (NJ) Delahunt Perlmutter

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1354

Ms. FALLIN, Messrs. ROE of Tennessee, HALL of Texas, and POE of Texas changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

So the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 723, had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

Mr. PERLMUTTER, Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 723, I was unavoidably detained and missed the vote on House Resolution 760. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

EXTENDING CONDOLENCES TO VICTIMS OF GEORGIA FLOODS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 765, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. OBERSTAR) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 765.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 421, nays 0, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 724] YEAS-421

Bonner Ackerman Carter Aderholt Bono Mack Cassidy Adler (NJ) Boozman Castle Castor (FL) Akin Boren Alexander Boswell Chaffetz Altmire Boucher Chandler Childers Andrews Boustany Arcuri Boyd Chu Brady (PA) Austria Clarke Brady (TX) Clav Baca Cleaver Bachmann Braley (IA) Bachus Bright Clyburn Baird Broun (GA) Coble Baldwin Brown (SC) Coffman (CO) Barrow Brown, Corrine Cohen Bartlett Brown-Waite, Cole Barton (TX) Conaway Ginny Connolly (VA) Bean Buchanan Becerra Burgess Conyers Burton (IN) Cooper Berkley Berman Butterfield Costa Costello Berry Buyer Biggert Calvert Courtney Bilbray Camp Crenshaw Campbell Bilirakis Crowley Bishop (GA) Cantor Cuellar Bishop (NY) Cao Culberson Bishop (UT) Capito Cummings Blackburn CappsDahlkemper Cardoza Davis (AL) Blumenauer Carnahan Blunt Davis (CA) Carney Boccieri Davis (IL) Carson (IN) Boehner Davis (KY)

Deal (GA) DeFazio DeGette DeLauro Dent Diaz-Balart L Diaz-Balart, M. Dicks Dingell Doggett Donnelly (IN) Dreier Driehaus Duncan Edwards (MD) Edwards (TX) Ehlers Ellison Ellsworth Emerson Engel Eshoo Etheridge Fallin Farr Fattah Filner Flake Fleming Fortenberry Foster Fory Frank (MA) Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Fudge Gallegly Garrett (NJ) Gerlach Giffords Gingrey (GA) Gohmert Gonzalez Goodlatte Gordon (TN) Granger Graves Grayson Green, Al Green, Gene Griffith Grijalva Guthrie Gutierrez Hall (NY) Hall (TX Halvorson Hare Harman Harper Hastings (FL) Hastings (WA) Heinrich Heller Hensarling Herger Herseth Sandlin Higgins Hill Himes Hinchev Hinojosa Hirono Hodes Hoekstra Holden Holt Honda Hoyer Hunter Inglis Inslee Israel Issa Jackson (IL) Jackson-Lee (TX) Jenkins Johnson (GA) Johnson (IL)

Johnson, E. B.

Johnson, Sam

Jordan (OH)

Jones

Kagen

Kanjorski

Kaptur Kennedy

Kilpatrick (MI) Kilroy Kind Paul King (IA) King (NY) Kingston Kirk Kirkpatrick (AZ) Kissell Klein (FL) Kline (MN) Petri Kosmas Pitts Kratovil Kucinich Lamborn Lance Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Latham LaTourette Latta Lee (CA) Lee (NY) Levin Lewis (CA) Lewis (GA) Linder Lipinski LoBiondo Loebsack Lofgren, Zoe Lowey Lucas Luetkemever Luián Lummis Ross Lungren, Daniel E. Lynch Mack Maffei Maloney Manzullo Marchant Markey (CO) Markey (MA) Т. Marshall Massa Matheson Matsui McCarthy (CA) McCarthy (NY) McCaul McClintock McCollum McCotter McDermott McGovern McHenry McIntyre McKeon McMorris Rodgers McNerney Meek (FL) Meeks (NY) Melancon Mica Michaud Miller (FL) Sires Miller (MI) Miller (NC) Miller, Gary Miller, George Minnick Mitchell Mollohan Moore (KS) Moore (WI) Moran (KS) Moran (VA) Murphy (NY) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Murtha. Myrick Nadler (NY) Napolitano Neal (MA) Neugebauer Nunes Nye Oberstar Obey Olson Olver Ortiz

Pallone Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Paulsen Payne Pence Perlmutter Perriello Peters Peterson Platts Poe (TX) Polis (CO) Pomerov Posey Price (GA) Price (NC) Putnam Quiglev Rahall Rangel Rehberg Reichert Reves Richardson Rodriguez Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Rothman (NJ) Roybal-Allard Royce Ruppersberger Rush Ryan (OH) Ryan (WI) Salazar Sánchez, Linda Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Scalise Schakowsky Schauer Schiff Schmidt Schock Schrader Schwartz Scott (GA) Scott (VA) Sensenbrenner Serrano Sessions Sestak Shadegg Shea-Porter Sherman Shimkus Shuler Shuster Simpson Skelton Slaughter Smith (NE) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Souder Space Speier Spratt Stark Stearns Stupak Sullivan Sutton Tanner Taylor Teague Terry Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tiahrt Tiberi Tierney Titus